

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 06-Oct-2009 Revision Date 09-Feb-2024 Revision Number 13

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Perchloric acid, 67-71%

Cat No. : A511-P500, A511-P1, A511-P212

Synonyms Dioxonium perchlorate; Hydronium perchlorate; Perchloric acid solution

 Index No
 017-006-00-4

 CAS No
 7601-90-3

 EC No
 231-512-4

 Molecular Formula
 H Cl O4

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK

Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

**EU entity/business name** Thermo Fisher Scientific

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a 2440 Geel. Belgium

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Tel: 01509 231166

Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001-703-527-3887

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

**Physical hazards** 

Oxidizing liquids Category 1 (H271)

Perchloric acid, 67-71% Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

Substances/mixtures corrosive to metal Category 1 (H290)

#### **Health hazards**

Acute oral toxicity

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)

Category 1 (H318)

Category 1 (H318)

Category 2 (H373)

#### **Environmental hazards**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

**Danger** 

#### **Hazard Statements**

H271 - May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

#### **Precautionary Statements**

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

#### 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

## **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Perchloric acid	7601-90-3	EEC No. 231-512-4	60-70	Ox. Liq. 1 (H271) Met. Corr. 1 (H290) Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Skin Corr. 1A (H314)

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

#### Perchloric acid, 67-71%

				Eye Dam. 1 (H318) STOT RE 2 (H373)
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	30-40	-

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Perchloric acid	Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) :: 1%<=C<10% Ox. Liq. 1 (H271) :: C>50% Ox. Liq. 2 (H272) :: C<=50% Skin Corr. 1A (H314) :: C>=50% Skin Corr. 1B (H314) :: 10%<=C<50% Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) :: 1%<=C<10%	-	-

Components	Reach Registration Number	
Perchloric acid	01-2120066865-44	

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

**Skin Contact** Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash

contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Call a physician

immediately.

**Ingestion** Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person. Call a physician immediately.

**Inhalation** If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Remove from exposure, lie down. Do not use

mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory

medical device. Call a physician immediately.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

## Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam.

Perchloric acid, 67-71% Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Oxidizer: Contact with combustible/organic material may cause fire. May ignite combustibles (wood paper, oil, clothing, etc.).

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Hydrogen chloride gas.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials.

## **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Do not store near combustible materials. Corrosives area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 5.1A Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Perchloric acid, 67-71% Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Exposure limits**

List source(s):

#### **Biological limit values**

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

#### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

No information available

#### **Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)**

See values below.

Component	Fresh water		Water Intermittent Microorganisms in		
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Perchloric acid	PNEC =	PNEC = 4.67mg/kg	PNEC = 147mg/L	PNEC = 8.2mg/L	PNEC =
7601-90-3 ( 60-70 )	0.0215mg/L	sediment dw			0.021mg/kg soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Perchloric acid 7601-90-3 ( 60-70 )	PNEC =	PNEC =			
7601-90-3 (60-70)	0.00215mg/L	0.467mg/kg sediment dw			

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

## **Engineering Measures**

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

#### Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Г	Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
	Nitrile rubber	> 360 minutes	0.38 mm	Level 5	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
	Neoprene gloves	> 480 minutes	0.43 mm	Level 6 EN 374	Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
İ	PVC	> 360 minutes	1.6 mm		

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Perchloric acid, 67-71% Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

**Respiratory Protection** No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions.

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 or Acid gases filter

Type E Yellow conforming to EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Maintain adequate ventilation Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001

approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are

experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

#### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Colorless
Odor Strong

Odor Threshold

Melting Point/Range

No data available

-18 °C / -0.4 °F

Softening Point

No data available

Politing Point/Pages

Boiling Point/Range 203 °C / 397.4 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flammability (liquid)

No data available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

**Explosion Limits** No data available

Flash Point 113 °C / 235.4 °F Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature
Decomposition Temperature
pH
Viscosity

No data available
No data available
0.1 @ 20°C
3.5 mPa.s @ 20 °C

Water Solubility Soluble

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Vapor Pressure 6.8 mmHg @ 25 °C

Density / Specific Gravity 1.66

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor Density3.46(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

## 9.2. Other information

Molecular FormulaH Cl O4Molecular Weight100.46Oxidizing PropertiesOxidizer

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Perchloric acid, 67-71% Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

10.1. Reactivity

Yes

10.2. Chemical stability

Oxidizer: Contact with combustible/organic material may cause fire.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Combustible material.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Finely powdered metals. Organic materials. Amines. Alcohols.

Strong reducing agents. Combustible material.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hydrogen chloride gas.

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

OralCategory 4DermalNo data availableInhalationNo data available

#### Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Water	-	=	-

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 A

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available Skin No data available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

(h) STOT-single exposure; No data available

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Category 2

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024 Perchloric acid, 67-71%

**Target Organs** Thyroid.

No data available (j) aspiration hazard;

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated.

11.2. Information on other hazards

**Endocrine Disrupting Properties** Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

#### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1. Toxicity

**Ecotoxicity effects** Do not empty into drains. .

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available. **Persistence** 

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

12.4. Mobility in soil The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems. Will likely be mobile in the

environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

**Endocrine Disruptor Information** This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

**Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential** 

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

#### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

**Products** 

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

**European Waste Catalogue (EWC)** According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used. Do not empty into drains. Do not flush to sewer. Large amounts will affect pH

Perchloric acid, 67-71% Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

and harm aquatic organisms. Solutions with low pH-value must be neutralized before discharge.

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### IMDG/IMO

**14.1. UN number** UN1873

14.2. UN proper shipping name PERCHLORIC ACID

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)5.1Subsidiary Hazard Class814.4. Packing groupI

#### ADR

**14.1. UN number** UN1873

14.2. UN proper shipping name PERCHLORIC ACID

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)5.1Subsidiary Hazard Class814.4. Packing groupI

#### **IATA**

**14.1. UN number** UN1873

14.2. UN proper shipping name PERCHLORIC ACID

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)5.1Subsidiary Hazard Class814.4. Packing groupI

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

**14.6. Special precautions for user** No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **International Inventories**

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Perchloric acid	7601-90-3	231-512-4	-	-	Х	X	KE-28137	X	Х
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	-	-	Х	X	KE-35400	X	-

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Perchloric acid	7601-90-3	Х	ACTIVE	X	-	X	Х	X
Water	7732-18-5	Х	ACTIVE	X	-	Х	Х	Х

**Legend:** X - Listed '-' - Not Listed **KECL** - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Perchloric acid, 67-71% Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Perchloric acid	7601-90-3	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Water	7732-18-5	-		-

#### **REACH links**

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

#### Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -
		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
		Notification	Requirements
Perchloric acid	7601-90-3	Not applicable	Not applicable
Water	7732-18-5	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

#### **National Regulations**

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

**WGK Classification** Water endangering class = 1 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Perchloric acid	WGK1	

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Perchloric acid, 67-71% Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

H271 - May cause fire or explosion: strong oxidizer

#### Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

## Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

#### Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards On basis of test data **Health Hazards** Calculation method **Environmental hazards** Calculation method

## **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Chemical incident response training.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

**Creation Date** 06-Oct-2009 **Revision Date** 09-Feb-2024 **Revision Summary** Not applicable.

## This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

#### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

## **End of Safety Data Sheet**